

GenCore version 5.1.4 p5.4578
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2003 Compugen Ltd.

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: March 28, 2003, 12:02:57 ; Search time 114.384 Seconds
(without alignments)
880.694 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-924-946-2

Perfect score: 4180

Sequence: 1 MAWSPATFLFLLLGQPP.....YPANAELSLEQORLRNLI 756

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 908470 seqs, 133250620 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 908470

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database : A_Geneseq_101002.*

```

1: /SID52/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1980.DAT.*
2: /SID52/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1981.DAT.*
3: /SID52/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1982.DAT.*
4: /SID52/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1983.DAT.*
5: /SID52/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1984.DAT.*
6: /SID52/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1985.DAT.*
7: /SID52/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1986.DAT.*
8: /SID52/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1987.DAT.*
9: /SID52/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1988.DAT.*
10: /SID52/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1989.DAT.*
11: /SID52/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1990.DAT.*
12: /SID52/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1991.DAT.*
13: /SID52/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1992.DAT.*
14: /SID52/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1993.DAT.*
15: /SID52/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1994.DAT.*
16: /SID52/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1995.DAT.*
17: /SID52/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1996.DAT.*
18: /SID52/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1997.DAT.*
19: /SID52/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1998.DAT.*
20: /SID52/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1999.DAT.*
21: /SID52/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2000.DAT.*
22: /SID52/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2001.DAT.*
23: /SID52/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2002.DAT.*

```

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	ID	Description
1	4180	100.0	756	AAE19380	Human endothelial
2	4174	99.9	756	AAE19380	Human endothelial
3	4170	99.8	756	AAE21043	Human drug metabol
4	4085.5	97.7	743	AAE19380	Human lysyl oxidase
5	3645.5	87.2	757	AAE19127	Polypeptide isolat
6	3641.5	87.1	757	AAE19127	Human lysyl-oxidas
7	3047.5	72.9	573	AAE19127	Clone HOEC84 #1.
8	2278.5	54.5	769	AAE11940	Human lipid metabo
9	2268.5	54.3	774	AAE00077	Human lysyl oxidase
10	2268.5	54.3	774	ABH07649	Human LOR-1 protei

11	2263	54.1	752	23	ABH07653	Human lysyl-oxidas
12	2263	54.1	753	21	AAE00073	Human lysyl oxidase
13	2263	54.1	753	22	AAE00073	Amino acid sequenc
14	2263	54.1	753	23	AAE15549	Human secreted pro
15	2263	54.1	753	23	AAE06059	Human lysyl oxidase
16	2249	53.8	753	22	AAE11935	Human CG153 (or C5
17	2232	53.4	443	21	AAE172125	Peptide fragment #
18	2232	53.4	443	21	AAE172125	Protein fragment:
19	2232	53.4	443	21	AAE172125	Human secreted pro
20	2232	53.4	443	21	AAE172125	Murine lysyl oxida
21	2163.5	51.8	732	22	AAE11927	Human CG153 (or C5
22	1890.5	45.2	608	22	AAE11936	Human CG153 (or C5
23	1832	43.8	638	23	AAE06058	Human lysyl oxidase
24	1773	42.4	641	21	AAE12307	Human secreted pro
25	1282	30.7	227	23	AAE19385	Human endothelial
26	1138	27.2	298	23	AAU76451	Human lysyloxidase
27	1122	26.8	396	21	AAE1784	Gene 15 human secr
28	939.5	22.5	511	22	ABE0618	Drosophila melanog
29	833	19.9	171	21	AAE19538	Clone HOEC84 #2.
30	833	19.9	171	21	AAE19538	Human secreted pro
31	751	18.0	1785	19	AAE4591	Human SRCR protein
32	694	16.6	125	23	AAE19382	Human endothelial
33	682	16.3	552	22	AAE09447	Human sbg14862SPER
34	655.5	15.7	1436	22	AAE06088	Bovine WC1 protein
35	633.5	15.2	822	20	AAW99087	Human serine prote
36	633.5	15.2	875	20	AAW99087	Human neurotrophin
37	628	15.0	1116	23	AAU97582	Human CD163 recept
38	626	15.0	1121	22	AAW39493	Human polypeptide
39	626	15.0	1124	22	AAW41279	Human polypeptide
40	626	15.0	1124	22	AAW41280	Human polypeptide
41	626	15.0	1151	23	AAU97585	Human CD163 recept
42	626	15.0	1156	23	AAU97584	Human CD163 recept
43	624	14.9	360	22	ABE58607	Drosophila melanog
44	622.5	14.9	422	22	AAE09446	Human sbg14862SPER
45	619.5	14.8	1149	23	AAU97583	Human CD163 recept

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

AAE19380
ID AAE19380 standard; Protein; 756 AA.

XX

AC AAE19380;

XX

DT 31-MAY-2002 (first entry)

XX

DE Human endothelial estrogen regulated (EER)-7 protein.

XX

DE Human; lysyl oxidase; LO protein; endothelial estrogen regulated protein;
AAA; abdominal aortic aneurysms; EER-7 protein; myocardial infraction;

KW elastin; fibrotic disease; gene therapy; cardiac.

XX

OS Homo sapiens.

XX

PN WO200212470-A2.

XX

PD 14-FEB-2002.

XX

PF 08-AUG-2001; 2001WO-US24942.

XX

PR 08-AUG-2000; 2000US-23763P.

XX

PR 15-DEC-2000; 2000US-255838P.

XX

PA (AMHP) AMERICAN HOME PROD CORP.

XX

PI Evans MJ, Sciochitano MS, Rapat AR, Beer E, Bhat RA, Ferris E;

PI Mastroeni R, Zhang J, Karathanasis SK;

XX

XX WPI; 2002-227150/28.

DR N-PSDE; AAD30517.

XX

Novel isolated endothelial estrogen regulated gene protein comprising lysyl oxidase activity and conserved catalytic domain of lysyl oxidase, useful as target to treat abdominal aortic aneurysms, myocardial infarction -

Claim 1; Page 63-64; 68pp; English.

The patent discloses novel lysyl oxidase (LO) genes, termed endothelial estrogen regulated (EER)-7 genes and their corresponding proteins. The invention also relates to an assay system to identify compounds that selectively modulate EER7 protein activity by interaction with estrogen receptors. Stimulation of LO enzyme activity of EER-7 acts as a target for abdominal aortic aneurysms (AAA) and myocardial infarctions. Increase in EER-7 lysyl oxidase activity increases elastin cross-linking in the inner elastic lamina which prevents development of aneurysms. Increased EER-7 is also useful to increase collagen cross-linkings which increase tensile strength of vessel wall which also prevents aneurysms. Myocardial infarction is prevented by inhibiting rupture of fibrous cap that covers plaque in the coronary vessels. Increased tensile strength of the cap, resulting from increased LO activity helps preventing the infarctions. Inhibition of LO activity is useful for treating fibrotic diseases. Stimulation of EER-7 proteins are useful for treating patients with estrogen-related disease states. Genetic variants of EER-7 can be detected to diagnose an EER-7 associated disease such as AAA or myocardial infarction. EER-7 polynucleotides are useful in gene therapy. The present sequence is human EER-7 protein.

Sequence 756 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 4180; DB 23; Length 756;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0;
Matches 756; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 MAWSPATLFLFLLGQPPSPQSLGTTKRLVGPSPKPEGRLEVLHQGWCTVCCD 60
Db 1 MAWSPATLFLFLLGQPPSPQSLGTTKRLVGPSPKPEGRLEVLHQGWCTVCCD 60

QY 61 NFAIGATVACRQLGFEAALTAHSAKYGGEGPIWLVNVCVGTESLDQCGSNQGV 120
Db 61 NFAIGATVACRQLGFEAALTAHSAKYGGEGPIWLVNVCVGTESLDQCGSNQGV 120

QY 121 DCSHSDGVICHPRHRGYLSETVSNALGPQGRRLERVLKPIASAKQSPVTEGAVE 180
Db 121 DCSHSDGVICHPRHRGYLSETVSNALGPQGRRLERVLKPIASAKQSPVTEGAVE 180

QY 181 VKYEGHWRQVCDQGWTTMNSRVVCGMLGFPSEVPVDSHYRKWDLKMADPKSLTN 240
Db 181 VKYEGHWRQVCDQGWTTMNSRVVCGMLGFPSEVPVDSHYRKWDLKMADPKSLTN 240

QY 241 KNSFWIHOVTCLTGTEPHMNCQVAPARGKLRPACPGMHAVVSCVAGPFRPPKTPQ 300
Db 241 KNSFWIHOVTCLTGTEPHMNCQVAPARGKLRPACPGMHAVVSCVAGPFRPPKTPQ 300

QY 301 RKGSWAEPRVRLRSQAQVGEGRVEVLNMQWGTVCDRHWNLIASVCRQLGFGSARE 360
Db 301 RKGSWAEPRVRLRSQAQVGEGRVEVLNMQWGTVCDRHWNLIASVCRQLGFGSARE 360

QY 361 LFGARLQOGLGPHLSEVRCRGYERTLSDCPALEGSONGCCOHENAAVRCNVPNMGFQ 420
Db 361 LFGARLQOGLGPHLSEVRCRGYERTLSDCPALEGSONGCCOHENAAVRCNVPNMGFQ 420

QY 421 VRLAGGRIPEGLLEQVQVGVNVPVWGVSCVSENWGLTEAMVACRQLGLGFATIHAYKETWF 480
Db 421 VRLAGGRIPEGLLEQVQVGVNVPVWGVSCVSENWGLTEAMVACRQLGLGFATIHAYKETWF 480

QY 481 WSGTPRAQVVMGVRCSGTALALOCORHGVHCHGGGRFLAGVSCMDSADPLVMNAQ 540
Db 481 WSGTPRAQVVMGVRCSGTALALOCORHGVHCHGGGRFLAGVSCMDSADPLVMNAQ 540

QY 541 LVQETAYLEDRPLSOLYCAHENCCLSKADHMDWPYGYRRLRFFSTQIYNLGRDPRPKT 600
Db 541 LVQETAYLEDRPLSOLYCAHENCCLSKADHMDWPYGYRRLRFFSTQIYNLGRDPRPKT 600

QY 601 GRDSWVWHQCHRRHYSIEVFTHYDLTLNLSKVAEGHKAFCLEDTNCTGLQRRYACAN 660
Db 601 GRDSWVWHQCHRRHYSIEVFTHYDLTLNLSKVAEGHKAFCLEDTNCTGLQRRYACAN 660

QY 661 FGEQGVTCWCTYRHDDICQWVDITDVGPNGYIFQVIVPHYVEAESDFSNMMLQCRCK 720
Db 661 FGEQGVTCWCTYRHDDICQWVDITDVGPNGYIFQVIVPHYVEAESDFSNMMLQCRCK 720

QY 721 YDCHRWLHNCHTGNSYPANAELSLEQEQRLNNLI 756
Db 721 YDCHRWLHNCHTGNSYPANAELSLEQEQRLNNLI 756

RESULT 2
AAM48743
ID AAM48743 standard; Protein; 756 AA.
XX AAM48743;
AC AAM48743;
XX
DT 02-APR-2002 (first entry)
XX Human 47765 lysyl oxidase SEQ ID NO 2.
XX Human; 47765; lysyl oxidase; LSO; cytosolic; haemostatic; hepatotropic;
KW cardiant; osteopathic; dermatological; antiarteriosclerotic; vasotropic;
KW antiinflammatory; hypotensive; antiarrhythmic; cell proliferation;
KW growth; differentiation; leukaemia; tumour; cancer; bone; cartilage;
KW myeloproliferative; muscular; osteoporosis; cardiovascular; gene therapy;
KW chromosome mapping; tissue typing; forensic; pharmacogenomic; enzyme.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX WO200192495-A2.
XX
PD 06-DEC-2001.
XX
PF 29-MAY-2001; 2001WO-US17405.
XX
PR 26-MAY-2000; 2000US-207650P.
XX (MILL-) MILLENNIUM PHARM INC.
XX
XX Meyers R;
XX WPI; 2002-122067/16.
XX N-PSDB; ABA96419, ABA96420.
DR
XX Novel human lysyl oxidase polypeptide, designated 47765, and
PT polynucleotides, useful in the diagnosis and treatment of cell
PT proliferation disorders, muscular disorders, bone disorders and skin
PT elasticity disorders -
XX
PS Claim 14; Fig 1; 115pp; English.
XX
XX The invention relates to human lysyl oxidase (LSO) polypeptide,
CC designated 47765 with cytosolic, haemostatic, hepatotropic, cardiant,
CC osteopathic, dermatological, antiarteriosclerotic, vasotropic,
CC antiinflammatory, hypotensive and antiarrhythmic activity. 47765
CC molecules are useful for identifying a novel diagnostic and therapeutic
CC activity of the protein, for developing novel diagnostic and therapeutic
CC agents for LSO-mediated or related disorders including cell
CC proliferation, growth or differentiation disorder (e.g. carcinoma,
CC leukaemia, tumour angiogenesis, hepatic disorders and haematopoietic,
CC myeloproliferative disorders), muscular disorders and bone disorders (e.g. osteoporosis and osteopenia), skin elasticity disorders (e.g. cutis laxa, Ehlers-Danlos type V syndrome), cardiovascular disorders (e.g. arteriosclerosis, ischaemia reperfusion injury, restenosis, arterial inflammation, vascular wall remodeling, tachycardia, vascular heart disease, long QT syndrome, congestive heart failure, hypertension, coronary artery disease and arrhythmia) or cartilage based disorders (e.g. chondromalacia and polychondritis). The encoding polynucleotide is useful in chromosome mapping, tissue typing, forensic identification, as

CC markers for pharmacogenomic profiling of a subject and in gene therapy.

XX
SQ Sequence 756 AA;

Query Match 99.9%; Score 4174; DB 23; Length 756;
Best Local Similarity 99.9%; Pred. No. 0;
Matches 755; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 MAWSPATFLFLLLLGQPPRPQSLGTTKRLVGPESKPEGRLEVLHGQGTVCDD 60
Db 1 MAWSPATFLFLLLLGQPPRPQSLGTTKRLVGPESKPEGRLEVLHGQGTVCDD 60

QY 61 NFAIQEATVACRLQGFEEALTAHSAKYGGEGPIWLDNVRVCVTSSLDQCGSGMGVS 120
Db 61 NFAIQEATVACRLQGFEEALTAHSAKYGGEGPIWLDNVRVCVTSSLDQCGSGMGVS 120

QY 121 DCSHSDGVVICHPRRHRYLSETVSNALGPQGRRLLEVLKPIASAKQHSPTVEGAVE 180
Db 121 DCSHSDGVVICHPRRHRYLSETVSNALGPQGRRLLEVLKPIASAKQHSPTVEGAVE 180

QY 181 VKYEGHWQVCDQGTWNNRSVVCGLPPESEVPVDSHYRKWDLKWDRPKSLKLTN 240
Db 181 VKYEGHWQVCDQGTWNNRSVVCGLPPESEVPVDSHYRKWDLKWDRPKSLKLTN 240

QY 241 KNSFWIHQVTCLETPHMANCOVQAPARGKLRPACPGMHAVVSCVAGPHFRPKTKPQ 300
Db 241 KNSFWIHQVTCLETPHMANCOVQAPARGKLRPACPGMHAVVSCVAGPHFRPKTKPQ 300

QY 301 RKGSAEPRVRLRSGAQVGBRVEVLNMQWGTVCDBRNWLI SASVVCRLGFGSAREA 360
Db 301 RKGSAEPRVRLRSGAQVGBRVEVLNMQWGTVCDBRNWLI SASVVCRLGFGSAREA 360

QY 361 LFGARLGGQLGPIHLSEVRCRGYERTLSDCPALGSGQNGQCHENAAVRCNVPNMGFQ 420
Db 361 LFGARLGGQLGPIHLSEVRCRGYERTLSDCPALGSGQNGQCHENAAVRCNVPNMGFQ 420

QY 421 VRLAGRIPEGLLEVVQEVNVPVSGVSENWGLTEAMVACRLGLGPAIHAYKETWF 480
Db 421 VRLAGRIPEGLLEVVQEVNVPVSGVSENWGLTEAMVACRLGLGPAIHAYKETWF 480

QY 481 WSGTPRAQEVNMGVRCSTELALQCCQRHGPVCHSGGGRFLAGVSCMDAPDLVMAQ 540
Db 481 WSGTPRAQEVNMGVRCSTELALQCCQRHGPVCHSGGGRFLAGVSCMDAPDLVMAQ 540

QY 541 LVQETAYLEDRPLSOLYCAHEENCLSKSADHMDWPGYRLLRSTOYNGRTDFRPT 600
Db 541 LVQETAYLEDRPLSOLYCAHEENCLSKSADHMDWPGYRLLRSTOYNGRTDFRPT 600

QY 601 GRDSVWHQCHRRHYSIEVFTHYDILLTNGSKVAEGHKAFCLEDTCPTGLQRYACAN 660
Db 601 GRDSVWHQCHRRHYSIEVFTHYDILLTNGSKVAEGHKAFCLEDTCPTGLQRYACAN 660

QY 661 FGEQGVTCWMDYRHDIDCQWVIDTDVGPNGYIFQVIVNPHYEVSDFSNMMLQCRCK 720
Db 661 FGEQGVTCWMDYRHDIDCQWVIDTDVGPNGYIFQVIVNPHYEVSDFSNMMLQCRCK 720

QY 721 YGHRVWLNCHTGNISYPANAELSLEQELRNLI 756
Db 721 YGHRVWLNCHTGNISYPANAELSLEQELRNLI 756

RESULT 3
AAE21043
ID AAE21043 standard; Protein; 756 AA.
XX
AC AAE21043;
XX
DT 01-JUL-2002 (first entry)
XX Human drug metabolising enzyme (DME-1) protein.
XX Human; drug metabolising enzyme; cell proliferative disorder; metabolic;
KW autoimmune; inflammatory; developmental; gastrointestinal; hypergonadal;
KW

pancreatic; endocrine; eye; dermatitis; Addison's disease; antilipaemic;
acquired immunodeficiency syndrome; AIDS; glomerulonephritis; anorectic;
diabetes; atherosclerosis; adult respiratory distress syndrome; anaemia;
Grave's disease; thyroiditis; Crohn's disease; infection; anticoagulant;
systemic lupus erythematosus; cirrhosis; psoriasis; epilepsy; gastritis;
cataract; hypopituitarism; cancer; rheumatoid arthritis; conjunctivitis;
cystic fibrosis; peptic ulcer; Wilson's disease; hepatitis; antithyroid;
allergy; diarrhoea; thrombosis; obesity; immunostimulant; tranquilizer;
infertility; vulvovaginitis; anticonvulsant; gynaecological; laxative; goitre;
neotrophic; jaundice; trauma; asthma; DME-1; enzyme.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX Key Location/Qualifiers
FT Peptide 1..24 /label= Signal_peptide
FT Protein 25..756 /note= "Mature human DME-1 protein"
FT Domain 505..731 /note= "Copper domain"
XX WC200212467-A2.
PN 14-FEB-2002.
PD 03-AUG-2001; 2001WO-US24382.
PP 04-AUG-2000; 2000US-223055P.
PR 11-AUG-2000; 2000US-224728P.
PR 18-AUG-2000; 2000US-22640P.
PR 24-AUG-2000; 2000US-228067P.
PR 31-AUG-2000; 2000US-230063P.
PR 13-SEP-2000; 2000US-232244P.
PR 20-SEP-2000; 2000US-234269P.
XX (INCY-) INCYTE GENOMICS INC.
XX Baughn MR, Bruns CM, Das D, Deleage AM, Ding L, Elliot VS;
Gandhi AR, Griffin JA, Hafalia AJA, Khan FA, Lal P, Lee S;
Lu DAM, Lu Y, Patterson C, Ramkumar J, Ring HZ, Sanjanwala MS;
Tang YT, Thangavelu K, Thornton M, Tribouley CM, Wallia NK;
Warren BA, Yang J, Yao MG, Yue H;
WPI; 2002-206331/26.
DR N-PSDB; AAD33480.
XX
XX New human drug metabolizing enzyme polypeptide and polynucleotide
PT useful for diagnosing, treating and preventing cell proliferative,
PT autoimmune/inflammatory, endocrine, eye, metabolic and gastrointestinal
disorders
PS Claim 45; Page 144-146; 179pp; English.
XX The invention relates to an isolated human drug metabolising enzyme (DME)
CC polypeptide or a biologically active or immunogenic fragment of DME. DME
CC is useful for diagnosis, treatment and prevention of cell proliferative,
CC autoimmune/inflammatory, developmental, endocrine, eye, metabolic and
CC gastrointestinal disorders including live disorders. Autoimmune/
CC inflammatory disorders include acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS),
CC adult respiratory distress syndrome, Addison's disease, atherosclerosis,
CC allergies, anaemia, asthma, autoimmune haemolytic anaemia, autoimmune
CC thyroiditis, Crohn's disease, atopic dermatitis, diabetes mellitus,
CC glomerulonephritis, rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus,
CC ulcerative colitis, uveitis, viral, bacterial, protozoal, parasitic,
CC fungal, helminthic infections and trauma. Cell proliferative disorders
CC include cancer, arteriosclerosis, cirrhosis and psoriasis; developmental
CC disorders include epilepsy and cataract; and endocrine disorders include
CC disorders of hypothalamus/pituitary, disorders associated with
CC hypopituitarism, including diabetes insipidus, hypogonadism, disorders
CC associated with hypothyroidism including goitre, Grave's disease,
CC pancreatic disorders such as diabetes mellitus, disorders associated with
CC adrenals, disorders associated with gonadal steroid hormones such as
CC adrenomedullary, infertility, hypergonadal disorders and gynaecomastia.

CC Disorders of the eye include conjunctivitis and macular degeneration and
 CC metabolic disorders include diabetes, cystic fibrosis, obesity and
 CC hypocalcaemia. Gastrointestinal disorders include gastritis, peptic
 CC ulcer, hepatitis, constipation, diarrhoea, jaundice, Wilson's disease,
 CC thrombosis and hepatic tumours. DME gene is useful in gene therapy. The
 CC present sequence is human DME-1 protein.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 756 AA;
 Query Match 99.8%; Score 4170; DB 23; Length 756;
 Best Local Similarity 99.7%; Pred. No. 0;
 Matches 754; Conservative 1; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 MAWSPATLFLFLLLGQPPSPQSLGTTKLRLVGPESKPEGRLEVLHQGWCTVCD 60
 DB 1 MAWSPATLFLFLLLGQPPSPQSLGTTKLRLVGPESKPEGRLEVLHQGWCTVCD 60
 QY 61 NFAIQEATVACRQLGFEAALTWAHSAKYQGGEGPIWLDNVRVCGTSSLDCCSGNMGVS 120
 DB 61 NFAIQEATVACRQLGFEAALTWAHSAKYQGGEGPIWLDNVRVCGTSSLDCCSGNMGVS 120
 QY 121 DCSSHSDVGVICHPRRHRYGLSETVSNALGPQRRLEEVRLKPIASAKOHSPTVEGAVE 180
 DB 121 DCSSHSDVGVICHPRRHRYGLSETVSNALGPQRRLEEVRLKPIASAKOHSPTVEGAVE 180
 QY 181 VKYEGHWQVCDQGTWNNRSRVVCGMLGFPSEVPDSDHYRKVMDLKMDDPKSLKSLTN 240
 DB 181 VKYEGHWQVCDQGTWNNRSRVVCGMLGFPSEVPDSDHYRKVMDLKMDDPKSLKSLTN 240
 QY 241 KNSFWIHQVTCLTGTEPHMANCQOVAPARCKLRPACGEMHAVVSCVAGPHFRPPTKQ 300
 DB 241 KNSFWIHQVTCLTGTEPHMANCQOVAPARCKLRPACGEMHAVVSCVAGPHFRPPTKQ 300
 QY 301 RKGSAEPRVRLSQAQVGEGRVEVLMNRQVTCVDRHWNLIASVVCRLGFGSARE 360
 DB 301 RKGSAEPRVRLSQAQVGEGRVEVLMNRQVTCVDRHWNLIASVVCRLGFGSARE 360
 QY 361 LFCARLGOGLGPIHLSVRCRGYERTLSDCPALEGSGQCHENAAVRCNVPNMFGNQ 420
 DB 361 LFCARLGOGLGPIHLSVRCRGYERTLSDCPALEGSGQCHENAAVRCNVPNMFGNQ 420
 QY 421 VRLAGRIPEGLLVQVGVNVPVRCVSGENWGLTEAMVACRQLGALHAYKETWF 480
 DB 421 VRLAGRIPEGLLVQVGVNVPVRCVSGENWGLTEAMVACRQLGALHAYKETWF 480
 QY 481 WSGTPRAQVWMSGVRCSTGTELALQCCORHGPVCHSHGGGRFLAGVSCMDSDPLVMAQ 540
 DB 481 WSGTPRAQVWMSGVRCSTGTELALQCCORHGPVCHSHGGGRFLAGVSCMDSDPLVMAQ 540
 QY 541 LVQETAYLEDRPLSOLYCAHEENCLSAADHMDWPGYRLLRSTOYINLGRDTRPKT 600
 DB 541 LVQETAYLEDRPLSOLYCAHEENCLSAADHMDWPGYRLLRSTOYINLGRDTRPKT 600
 QY 601 GRDSWVWVHQCHRHYSIEVTHYDILLTNGSKVAEGHKAFCLEDTNCTGLQRRYACAN 660
 DB 601 GRDSWVWVHQCHRHYSIEVTHYDILLTNGSKVAEGHKAFCLEDTNCTGLQRRYACAN 660
 QY 661 FGEQGVTVGCDYRHDIDCWVDITDVGPNYIFQVLPNHYEVAESDFSNMMLQCRCK 720
 DB 661 FGEQGVTVGCDYRHDIDCWVDITDVGPNYIFQVLPNHYEVAESDFSNMMLQCRCK 720
 QY 721 YDGHVWVLRHCHTGNSPANAELEOQRLLNNLI 756
 DB 721 YDGHVWVLRHCHTGNSPANAELEOQRLLNNLI 756
 RESULT 4
 ID AAG66060
 AC AAG66060 standard; Protein; 743 AA.
 XX AAG66060;
 XX AAG66060;
 DT 27-FEB-2002 (first entry)

XX Human lysyl oxidase-like (LOXL4) protein.
 DE
 XX Lysyl oxidase; lysyl oxidase-like; LOXL; LOX, neuroprotective; neurotropic;
 KW dermatological; hepatotrophic; cytostatic; antidiote; LOXL4.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 PN W0200183702-A2.
 XX
 PD 08-NOV-2001.
 XX
 PF 03-MAY-2001; 2001WO-US14472.
 XX
 PR 03-MAY-2000; 2000US-201587P.
 XX
 PA (UYHA-) UNIV HAWAII.
 XX
 XX Csizsar K, Boyd CD, Kim Y, Le Saux CJ, Fong SFT;
 XX
 WPI; 2002-041491/05.
 N-PSDB; AAI67789.
 XX
 Novel copper-dependent lysyl oxidase-like proteins, nucleic acids
 encoding the protein for diagnostic assays and identifying modulators
 useful for treating cancer, skin, copper-related, pulmonary or hepatic
 disorders -
 PT
 PT
 PT
 XX
 PS Claim 5; Page 79-80; 82pp; English.
 XX
 The invention provides lysyl oxidase-like (LOXL) polypeptides and
 polynucleotides encoding them. The LOXL proteins (LOXL3 and LOXL4) can be
 expressed by standard recombinant methodology. The LOXL polypeptides are
 useful for identifying their modulators which can be used for treating a
 disorder associated with LOX or LOXL polypeptide activity, including
 disorders related to extracellular matrix materials, a cell migration,
 cell proliferative disorder, skin, vascular system, developmental,
 skeletal, neurological, hepatic system, copper-related, pulmonary system
 disorders or lathyrism disorder and cancer in a subject. The LOXL
 polynucleotides are useful as probes and primers. The LOXL polypeptides
 are useful in bioassays, for the production of antibodies, useful for
 diagnostic assays to determine expression levels and localization of
 LOXL3 and LOXL4 proteins and other proteins of the LOX gene family in
 various tissue samples from healthy or infirm subjects and to purify the
 proteins. The antibodies are therapeutically useful to counteract or
 supplement the biological effect of LOXL proteins in vivo. The present
 sequence represents a human-derived LOXL4 protein.

XX Sequence 743 AA;
 SQ
 Query Match 97.7%; Score 4085.5; DB 23; Length 743;
 Best Local Similarity 98.1%; Pred. No. 0;
 Matches 742; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 13; Gaps 1;
 QY 1 MAWSPATLFLFLLLGQPPSPQSLGTTKLRLVGPESKPEGRLEVLHQGWCTVCD 60
 DB 1 MAWSPATLFLFLLLGQPPSPQSLGTTKLRLVGPESKPEGRLEVLHQGWCTVCD 60
 QY 61 NFAIQEATVACRQLGFEAALTWAHSAKYQGGEGPIWLDNVRVCGTSSLDCCSGNMGVS 120
 DB 61 NFAIQEATVACRQLGFEAALTWAHSAKYQGGEGPIWLDNVRVCGTSSLDCCSGNMGVS 120
 QY 121 DCSSHSDVGVICHPRRHRYGLSETVSNALGPQRRLEEVRLKPIASAKOHSPTVEGAVE 180
 DB 121 DCSSHSDVGVICHPRRHRYGLSETVSNALGPQRRLEEVRLKPIASAKOHSPTVEGAVE 180
 QY 181 VKYEGHWQVCDQGTWNNRSRVVCGMLGFPSEVPDSDHYRKVMDLKMDDPKSLKSLTN 240
 DB 181 VKYEGHWQVCDQGTWNNRSRVVCGMLGFPSEVPDSDHYRKVMDLKMDDPKSLKSLTN 240
 QY 241 KNSFWIHQVTCLTGTEPHMANCQOVAPARCKLRPACGEMHAVVSCVAGPHFRPPTKQ 300
 DB 241 KNSFWIHQVTCLTGTEPHMANCQOVAPARCKLRPACGEMHAVVSCVAGPHFRPPTKQ 300
 DB 228 KNSFWIHQVTCLTGTEPHMANCQOVAPARCKLRPACGEMHAVVSCVAGPHFRPPTKQ 287

QY 301 RKGWAEPRVRLRSGAQVGEGRVEVLMNRQWGTCDHRWNLLISASVVCRLQFGSARE 360
DB 288 RKGWAEPRVRLRSGAQVGEGRVEVLMNRQWGTCDHRWNLLISASVVCRLQFGSARE 347
QY 361 LFGARLGGLGPIHLSEVRCRGYERTLSDCPALGSGONGCOHENAARVNPVNMFGNQ 420
DB 348 LFGARLGGLGPIHLSEVRCRGYERTLSDCPALGSGONGCOHENAARVNPVNMFGNQ 407
QY 421 VRLAGGRIPBEGGLEVOVEVNGVPRMGSCVSENWGLTEAMVACRGLGFATIHAYKETW 480
DB 408 VRLAGGRIPBEGGLEVOVEVNGVPRMGSCVSENWGLTEAMVACRGLGFATIHAYKETW 467
QY 481 WSGTPRAQEVVMSGVRCSGTALALQOCORHGPVCHSGGGRFLAGVSCMDSAPDLVMA 540
DB 468 WSGTPRAQEVVMSGVRCSGTALALQOCORHGPVCHSGGGRFLAGVSCMDSAPDLVMA 527
QY 541 LVQETAYLEDRPLSLQYCAHEENCLSKSADHMDWPYGYRLLRFSTQIYNLGRDTRPKT 600
DB 528 LVQETAYLEDRPLSLQYCAHEENCLSKSADHMDWPYGYRLLRFSTQIYNLGRDTRPKT 587
QY 601 GRDSWVWHQCHRRHYHSIEVFTHYDILLTNGSKVAEGHKASFCLEDTNCTGLQRRYACAN 660
DB 598 GRDSWVWHQCHRRHYHSIEVFTHYDILLTNGSKVAEGHKASFCLEDTNCTGLQRRYACAN 647
QY 661 FGEQVTVGCWDTYRHDIDCQWVDITDVGPGNYIFQVIVNPHYVEAESDFSNMLOCRCK 720
DB 648 FGEQVTVGCWDTYRHDIDCQWVDITDVGPGNYIFQVIVNPHYVEAESDFSNMLOCRCK 707
QY 721 YDGRVWLNHCHTGSYPANAELSLFQEQRLRNLI 756
DB 708 YDGRVWLNHCHTGSYPANAELSLFQEQRLRNLI 743

RESULT 5
AAB19127 ID AAB19127 standard; Protein; 757 AA.
XX AC AAB19127;
DT 19-FEB-2001 (first entry)
XX DE Polypeptide isolated from lymph node stromal cells of fsn -/- mice.
XX KW Lymph node stromal cell; fsn -/- mice; inflammatory disorder;
XX KW immune system disorder; cancer; viral infection; HIV infection;
XX KW blood vessel growth; tumour necrosis factor disorder; arthritis;
XX KW inflammatory bowel disease; fibroblast growth factor-mediated disorder;
XX KW cardiac failure.
XX OS Mus sp.
XX PN W0200058463-A1.
XX PD 05-OCT-2000.
XX PF 18-FEB-2000; 2000WO-NZ000015.
XX PR 25-MAR-1999; 99US-0276268.
XX PR 26-AUG-1999; 99US-0383586.
XX PA (GENE-) GENESIS RES & DEV CORP LTD.
XX PI Strachan L, Sleeman M, Abernethy N, Onrust R, Kumble KD;
XX PI Murison JG;
XX DR WPI; 2000-664924/64.
XX DR N-PSDB; AAA96737.
XX PT Polypeptide expressed in mammalian fsn -/- lymph node stromal cells,
XX PT useful for modulating growth of blood cells, for treating inflammatory
XX PT and tumour necrosis factor-mediated disorders, cancer and viral
XX PT disorders

XX Claim 1; Page 69-71; 75pp; English.
PS The present sequence represents a polypeptide sequence which is
XX isolated from lymph node stromal cells of fsn -/- mice. The
CC polynucleotides and their polypeptides are useful for treating an
CC inflammatory disorder, disorder of immune system and cancer selected
CC from epithelial, lymphoid, myeloid, stromal and neuronal cancers, a
CC viral disorder, in particular HIV infection and for modulating the
CC growth of blood vessels. The polypeptides are useful for treating a
CC tumour necrosis factor (TNF) mediated disorder, such as those selected
CC from arthritis, inflammatory bowel disease and cardiac failure and a
CC fibroblast growth factor-mediated disorder. It is also useful in assays
CC to determine biological activity, to raise antibodies, to isolate
CC corresponding ligands or receptors, to quantify levels of protein or
CC cognate corresponding ligand or receptors, as antiinflammatory agents,
CC and in compositions for the treatment of skin, connective tissue and
CC immune system diseases. The polynucleotide is useful as marker for
CC tissue, as a chromosome marker or tags in the identification of a
XX genetic disorder.
SQ Sequence 757 AA;
Query Match 87.2%; Score 3645.5; DB 21; Length 757;
Best Local Similarity 86.4%; Pred. No. 0;
Matches 654; Conservative 44; Mismatches 58; Indels 1; Gaps 1;
QY 1 MAWSPATLFL-LLLLGQPPSPQSLGTTKLRIVGPESKPEGRLEVLHQOGWGTCD 59
DB 1 MMWPQPTFSFLFLLLLSQAPSSRPQSSGTTKLRIVGPADRPKEGRLEVLHQOGWGTCD 60
QY 60 DNPAIQEATVACRQLGFPEALTWAHSAKYGGQEGPIWLDNVCVGTGESSIDQCGSGNGW 119
DB 61 DDPALQEATVACRQLGFPEALTWAHSAKYGGQEGPIWLDNVCVGTGESSIDQCGSGNGW 120
QY 120 SDCSHSEDEVICHPRRHRGYLSETVSNALGPOGRLEVEVLKPIILASAKHSPVTEGAV 179
DB 121 SDCRHSSEDEVICHPRRHRGYLSEKVSNALGPOGRLEVEVLKPIILASAKHSPVTEGAV 180
QY 180 EVKVEGHWROVCOGWTMNSRVVCGMLGFPSEVPDVSHTYRKVMDLKWDRPKSLKSLT 239
DB 181 EVRIDGHWROVCOGWTMNSRVVCGMLGFPSEVTSVNSHYIRKVNKLKMDPKSLKSLT 240
QY 240 NKNSFWIHOVTCITGTEPHMANCQVAPARGKLRPACPGMHAHVSCVAGPHRPPKTKP 299
DB 241 KNSFWIHRVDCFCGTEPHLAKCQVQVAPARGKLRPACPGMHAHVSCVAGPHRPPKTKP 300
QY 300 QKSGWAEPRVRLRSGAQVGEGRVEVLMNRQWGTCDHRWNLLISASVVCRLQFGSARE 359
DB 301 TRKESHAELKVLRLSGAQVGEGRVEVLMNRQWGTCDHRWNLLISASVVCRLQFGSARE 360
QY 360 ALFGARLGGLGPIHLSEVRCRGYERTLSDCPALGSGONGCOHENAARVNPVNMFGNQ 419
DB 361 ALFGARLGGLGPIHLSEVRCRGYERTLSDCPALGSGONGCOHENAARVNPVNMFGNQ 420
QY 420 QVRLAGGRIPBEGGLEVOVEVNGVPRMGSCVSENWGLTEAMVACRGLGFATIHAYKETW 479
DB 421 KVRLAGGRNPEGVEVQVVEVNGVPRMGTCVSDHRLTEAMVTCRQLGFGFANFALKDTW 480
QY 480 FWSGTPRAQEVVMSGVRCSGTALALQOCORHGPVCHSGGGRFLAGVSCMDSAPDLVMA 539
DB 481 YWQGTPEAKEVMSGVRCSGTALALQOCORHGPVCHSGGGRFLAGVSCMDSAPDLVMA 540
QY 540 QLVQETAYLEDRPLSLQYCAHEENCLSKSADHMDWPYGYRLLRFSTQIYNLGRDTRPK 599
DB 541 QLVQETAYLEDRPLSLQYCAHEENCLSKSADHMDWPYGYRLLRFSTQIYNLGRDTRPK 600
QY 600 TGRDSWVWHQCHRRHYHSIEVFTHYDILLTNGSKVAEGHKASFCLEDTNCTGLQRRYAC 659
DB 601 AGRHSWVWHQCHRRHYHSIEVFTHYDILLTNGSKVAEGHKASFCLEDTNCTGLQRRYAC 660
QY 660 NFGEQVTVGCWDTYRHDIDCQWVDITDVGPGNYIFQVIVNPHYVEAESDFSNMLOCR 719
DB 661 NFGEQVTVGCWDTYRHDIDCQWVDITDVGPGNYIFQVIVNPHYVEAESDFSNMLOCR 719

Db 661 NFGEQVAVGWDYRHRDIDCQWVDITDVGPDIYFQVWVNTDVAESDFSNMIRCR 720
 QY 720 KYDGRVWLNCHTGNYPANAELSLEQORLNLI 756
 Db 721 KYDGRVWLNCHTGNYPANAELSLEQORLNLI 757

RESULT 6

ABB07650
 ID ABB07650 standard; Protein; 757 AA.

XX ABB07650;

DT 20-MAY-2002 (first entry)

DE Human lysyl-oxidase gene 27 product.

XX Lysyl-oxidase; angiogenesis; cancer; LOR-1; antiarthritic; antidiabetic;
 KW ophthalmological; antipsoriatic; antiinflammatory; vasotropic; human;
 KW immunomodulator; dermatological; vulnerary; enzyme.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX WO200211667-A2.

XX 14-FEB-2002.

XX 07-AUG-2001; 2001WO-1L00728.

XX 08-AUG-2000; 2000US-223739P.

XX (TECR) TECHNION RES & DEV FOUND LTD.

XX Neufeld G, Akiri G, Vadasz Z, Gengrovitch S;

XX WPI; 2002-227109/28.

XX Composition for modulating angiogenesis in mammalian tissue for
 PT treating e.g. arthritis, psoriasis, comprises molecule capable of
 PT modifying level and/or activity of at least one type of lysyl-oxidase
 PT of the tissue

XX Claim 7; Page 54-57; 67pp; English.

XX The invention provides a pharmaceutical composition useful for modulating
 CC angiogenesis in mammalian tissue. The composition comprises a molecule
 CC capable of modifying a level and/or activity of at least one type of
 CC lysyl-oxidase of the mammalian tissue as an active ingredient and a
 CC carrier. Methods for identifying molecules capable of modulating
 CC angiogenesis; for modulating angiogenesis in a mammalian tissue; and for
 CC determining the malignancy of cancerous tissue are also provided, where
 CC the modulation in activity is useful for treating arthritis, diabetic
 CC retinopathy, psoriasis, vasculitis; and for disease characterized by
 CC fragile blood vessels, including Marfan syndrome, Kawasaki, Ehlers-
 CC Danlos, cutis-laxa, and takysu; diseases characterized by changes in the
 CC wall of blood vessels e.g. restenosis which is a common complication
 CC following balloon therapy, fibromuscular dysplasia and aortic stenosis.
 CC The present sequence represents a lysyl-oxidase gene 27 product.

XX Sequence 757 AA;

Query Match 87.1%; Score 3641.5; DB 23; Length 757;
 Best Local Similarity 86.4%; Pred. NO. 0;
 Matches 654; Conservative 43; Mismatches 59; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

QY 1 MAWSPATLFLF-LLLLGOPPPSRPQSLGTTKRLVGPEKPERGRLEVLHQGWGTCD 59

Db 1 MWWPPPTFSLFLLLLSQAPSRPQSGTKRLVGPADEPGRGRLEVLHQGWGTCD 60

QY 60 DNFAIQEATVACRQLQFEAALTWAHSAKYQGEGPIWLDNVRVCVGTSSLDQCGSNMGV 119

Db 61 DDFALQEATVACRQLQFESALTWAHSAKYQGEGPIWLDNVRVCLGTEKTLQCGSNMGWI 120

QY 120 SDCSHSESDGVICHPRRHRGYLSETVSNALGPOGRRLEEV LKPIILASAKOHSVPVTEGAV 174
 Db 121 SDCSHSESDGVICHPRRHRGYLSETVSNALGPOGRRLEEV LKPIILASAKOHSVPVTEGAV 180
 QY 180 EVKYEGRWQVCDQGWNTMNSRVVCGMLGPPSEVPVDSHY FRKVVWDLKMRDPAKRLKSLT 239
 Db 181 EVRYDGHWRQVCDQGWNTMNSRVVCGMLGPPSOTSIVNSHY FRKVVWNLKMKDPKSRNLST 240
 QY 240 NKNSFWTHQVTCIGTPEPMANCOVQVAPARKLIPACPGGHAHVSCVAGBPHRPPTKTP 299
 Db 241 KKNSFWTHQVTCIGTPEPMANCOVQVAPARKLIPACPGGHAHVSCVAGBPHRPPTKTP 300
 QY 300 QKGSWAEPRVRLRSGAQVGEGRVEVLNMQWGTVCDFH WNLISASVVCROIQFGSARE 359
 Db 301 TRKESHAELKVLRLSGAQVGEGRVEVLNMQWGTVCDFH WNLISASVVCROIQFGSARE 360
 QY 360 ALFGARLGGGLGPIHLSEVRCRGYERTLSDCPALGEGSONK COHENAAAARCVNPNMGFQ 419
 Db 361 ALFGAOLGQGLGPIHLSEVRCRGYERTLSDCPALGEGSONK COHANAARCVNPNMGFQ 420
 QY 420 OVRLAGRIPEEGLEVOVEVNGVRMGSCVSENWGLTEAMVACROLGIGLPAIHAYKETW 479
 Db 421 KYELAGRNSEEGVEVQVGVGPRMGTVCSDDHMLTEAMVTCRQLGLGFANFALKDTW 480
 QY 480 FMSGTPRAQEWVWMSGVRCSGTETALQOCORHGPVHCSHG IGRFLAGVSCMDSAPDLVMA 539
 Db 481 YMOGTPEAKEVWMSGVRCSGTETALQOCORHGPVHCSHG IGRFLAGVSCMDSAPDLVMA 540
 QY 540 QLVQETAYLEDRPLSQLYCAHEENCLSKSADHMDMPYGY IRLRSTOYINLGRTPFRPK 599
 Db 541 QLVQETAYLEDRPLSQLYCAHEENCLSKSADHMDMPYGY IRLRSTOYINLGRTPFRPK 600
 QY 600 TGRDSDWVWVHCORHHSIEVPTHYDILLTNGSKVAEGHKAFCLEDTNCTGLORRYACA 659
 Db 601 AGRHSWVWVHCORHHSIEVPTHYDILLTNGSKVAEGHKAFCLEDTNCTGLORRYACA 660
 QY 660 NFGEQVAVGWDYRHRDIDCQWVDITDVGPDIYFQVWVNTDVAESDFSNMIRCR 719
 Db 661 NFGEQVAVGWDYRHRDIDCQWVDITDVGPDIYFQVWVNTDVAESDFSNMIRCR 720
 QY 720 KYDGRVWLNCHTGNYPANAELSLEQORLNLI 756
 Db 721 KYDGRVWLNCHTGNYPANAELSLEQORLNLI 757

RESULT 7
 AAB49534
 ID AAB49534 standard; Protein; 573 AA.
 XX AAB49534;
 AC AAB49534;
 XX 09-MAR-2001 (first entry)
 DT Clone HOHEC84 #1.
 DE Gene therapy; human; bone morphogenic protein; neural disorder; immune;
 XX muscular; reproductive; gastrointestinal; pilmonary; cardiovascular;
 KW renal; proliferative; wound healing; infectious disease; thrombosis;
 KW arthritis; infertility.
 XX Homo sapiens.
 OS WO2000061774-A2.
 PN 19-OCT-2000.
 XX 06-APR-2000; 2000WO-US09028.
 XX 09-APR-1999; 99US-0128701.
 PR 23-APR-1999; 99US-0130693.
 PR 29-APR-1999; 99US-0131672.
 PR 11-JUN-1999; 99US-0138632.
 PR 03-AUG-1999; 99US-0147020.

PR 09-SEP-1999; 99US-0152933.
XX (HUMA.) HUMAN GENOME SCI INC.
PA
XX
PI Ruben SM, Ni J, Komatsoulis G, Rosen CA, Shi Y;
XX
DR WPI; 2000-656328/63.
DR N-PSDB; AAC90026.
XX
XX Bone morphogenic proteins and nucleic acid sequences encoding them,
PT useful for detecting, preventing and treating cancers and neurological,
PT immune system and cardiovascular disorders -
XX
PS Claim 11; Pages 277-279; 291pp; English.
XX
CC The present invention relates to isolated coding sequences and proteins
CC for human bone morphogenic proteins (BMPs) (see AAC90025-C90030 and
CC AAB49533-B49538). The present sequence is one such protein sequence.
CC This sequence may be used to treat disorders such as neural, immune,
CC muscular, reproductive, gastrointestinal, pulmonary, cardiovascular,
CC renal, and proliferative disorders (numerous examples of each type of
CC disorder are given in the specification), wounds, infectious diseases,
CC thrombosis, arthritis, and infertility.
XX
SQ Sequence 573 AA;

Query Match 72.9%; Score 3047.5; DB 21; Length 573;
Best Local Similarity 98.6%; Pred. No. 3.6e-271;
Matches 563; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 5; Gaps 2;

QY 1 MAWSPATLFLFLLLLGQPPRPQSLGTTKLVLGPESKPEGRLEVLHGQWGTVCDD 60
DB 1 MAWSPATLFLFLLLLGQPPRPQSLGTTKLVLGPESKPEGRLEVLHGQWGTVCDD 60

QY 61 NFAIQEATVACQLGFEALTWAHSYKYGQEGPIWLDNVRVCGTSSLDCCGNGMGVS 120
DB 61 NFAIQEATVACQLGFEALTWAHSYKYGQEGPIWLDNVRVCGTSSLDCCGNGMGVS 120

QY 121 DCSHSDVGVICHPRRHRYLSETVSNALGPQ--GRLEVRVLPKILASAKQHSFVTEGA 178
DB 121 DCSHSDVGVICHPRRHRYLSETVSNALGPQAGWR---GRLEVRVLPKILASAKQHSFVTEGA 177

QY 179 VEVYEGHWRVCDQGWMTNNRVRVCGMLGFPSEVPVDSHYRKYVDLKMEDPKSLKSL 238
DB 178 VEVYEGHWRVCDQGWMTNNRVRVCGMLGFPSEVPVDSHYRKYVDLKMEDPKSLKSL 237

QY 239 TNKNSFWTHQVTCLTGTEPHMANQVQVAPARGKLRPACPGMHAIVSCVAGPHRPPKTK 298
DB 238 TNKNSFWTHQVTCLTGTEPHMANQVQVAPARGKLRPACPGMHAIVSCVAGPHRPPKTK 297

QY 299 POKGSWAEPRVRLRSGAQVGEVRLMNQWGTVCDDHWNILISASVYCRQLGFGSAR 358
DB 298 POKGSWAEPRVRLRSGAQVGEVRLMNQWGTVCDDHWNILISASVYCRQLGFGSAR 357

QY 359 EALFCARLQGGAGPIHLSVRCHGYBRTISDCPALEGSQNGCOHENAARVNCVPMGFGQ 418
DB 358 EALFCARLQGGAGPIHLSVRCHGYBRTISDCPALEGSQNGCOHENAARVNCVPMGFGQ 417

QY 419 NQVRLAGGRIPPEGLELVQVENVGVPRWGSVCSENWGLTEAMVACRQLGLGFALHAYKET 478
DB 418 NQVRLAGGRIPPEGLELVQVENVGVPRWGSVCSENWGLTEAMVACRQLGLGFALHAYKET 477

QY 479 WFGSTPRAQGVVMGVRCSGTETALQCCQQRHGVPHVCHSGGGRFLAGVSCMDSPDLVMN 538
DB 478 WFGSTPRAQGVVMGVRCSGTETALQCCQQRHGVPHVCHSGGGRFLAGVSCMDSPDLVMN 537

QY 539 AQLVQETAYLEDRPLSQLCAHEENCLSKSA 569
DB 538 AQLVQETAYLEDRPLSQLCAHEENCLSKSA 568

RESULT 8
AAE11940

ID AAE11940 standard; Protein; 769 AA.
XX AC AAE11940;
XX
DT 18-DEC-2001 (first entry)
XX
DE Human lipid metabolism related protein #3.
XX
KW Human; apolipoprotein; lipase; lipoprotein receptor; ALLr; angina;
KW cardiovascular disease; lipid metabolism; myocardial infarction;
KW cerebral ischaemia; arterial thrombosis; thrombolytic; antilipemic;
KW coronary artery thrombosis; cerebral artery thrombosis; stroke;
KW intracardiac thrombosis; gene therapy; cardiovascular; vasodilator;
KW neuroprotectant; cerebroprotective.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN WC200179446-A2.
XX
PD 25-OCT-2001.
XX
PF 16-APR-2001; 2001WO-US12529.
XX
PR 14-APR-2000; 2000US-197137P.
PR 20-JUN-2000; 2000US-0598042.
PR 03-AUG-2000; 2000US-0631451.
PR 22-SEP-2000; 2000US-0667298.
PR 17-NOV-2000; 2000US-0714936.
XX
PA (HYSE-) HYSEQ INC.
XX
XX Ballinger DG, Loeb D, Montgomery JR, Tang TY, Zhou P, Goodrich R;
PI Liu C, Asundi V, Zhao QA, Wehrman T, Drmanac RT, Ren F, Qian XB;
PI Wang D;
XX
DR WPI; 2001-6111724/70.
XX N-PSDB; AAB19235.

XX Nucleic acids encoding human apolipoproteins, lipases, and lipoprotein
PT receptor polypeptides, useful for preventing diagnosing and treating
PT lipid metabolism disorders, thrombosis and cardiovascular diseases -
XX
PS Claim 10; Page 257-259; 266pp; English.
XX
CC The invention relates to polynucleotides encoding proteins CGI22, CGI79,
CC CG95, CGI21, CGI62, CG27, CGI53 and CGI68 which are related to proteins
CC involved in lipid metabolism and cardiovascular disease such as human
CC apolipoproteins, lipases and lipoprotein receptor proteins. These DNA
CC and protein sequences are useful for treating or preventing disorders
CC associated with apolipoproteins, lipases and lipoprotein receptor (ALLr)
CC expression and for treating lipid metabolism, cardiovascular diseases
CC and thrombosis. Antibodies against these proteins are useful for
CC determining the presence of or predisposition to a disease associated
CC with altered levels of these sequences. ALLr polypeptides are also
CC useful for identifying agents (agonists and antagonists) that bind to
CC them and cells expressing ALLr proteins are useful for identifying a
CC therapeutic agent for use in treatment of a pathology related to
CC aberrant expression or physiological interactions of this polypeptide.
CC Products comprising these DNA and protein sequences are also useful for
CC producing ALLr proteins. The nucleic acids and polypeptides of the
CC invention are also useful for the treatment of occlusive cardiovascular
CC diseases, myocardial infarction, cerebral ischaemia, angina, arterial
CC thrombosis, coronary artery thrombosis and cerebral artery thrombosis
CC or intracardiac thrombosis and stroke. The nucleotides of the invention
CC are used in gene therapy. The present sequence is human protein
CC related to proteins involved in lipid metabolism.
XX
SQ Sequence 769 AA;

Query Match 54.5%; Score 2278.5; DB 22; Length 769;
Best Local Similarity 55.1%; Pred. No. 3.2e-200;
Matches 422; Conservative 106; Mismatches 205; Indels 33; Gaps 11;

Wed Apr 2 09:13:59 2003

QY 3 WSPATLFLFL--LLQPPPS-----RPSQSGTTLKRLVGPESKPEGRLEVLHQQGWM 55
 Db 9 WSPWGLLLCLLSCSCLGSPSTGFEKKAGSQG-LRFLAGFPKPEYGRVEIORAGWG 67
 QY 56 TVCDNFALQIATVACROGFEALATMAHSAKYGGEGPILMDNVRVCTGESSLDQCSN 115
 Db 68 TICDDDFLQAHILCLRELGTATGTHSAKYGGTGRIMLDNLSCSGTEQSVTECASR 127
 QY 116 GWGVSDCHSEDEVGVIHCHRRHGYLSETVSNALGPGRRLEVLKPLASAKQHSPTV 175
 Db 128 GWGNSDCHTHEDAGVICKDQRLGFSDSNVIEV--BHHLQVEVIRPAVGWGRRLPVT 185
 QY 176 EGAVEVKEGHWRCVDCQDWTNNRVVCGMLGFFSEVPVDSHYRKY----WDLKMRDP 231
 Db 186 EGLVEVRLPDGWSQVCDKWSAHNSHVCGMLGFFSEKRVNAFYKRLKRAAKVSARHP 245
 QY 232 K--SRKSLTNKNSFWIHOVTLGLTEPHMANCOVAPARGKLRPACPGMHAVVSCVAG 289
 Db 246 KPLGRLLAQROHSGFLHGVACVGTFAHLSLCSLEFYRANDTAR--CPGGPAAVSCVPG 303
 QY 290 PHF-----RPEKTKFQRKGSMAEPRVRLRSCAQVGEGRVFLMNRQWCTVCDHRWNL 342
 Db 304 PYTAASSGOKKQOOSKPO-----GEARVLKGAHPGEGREVEVLKASTWGTCDRKMWL 357
 QY 343 ISASVVCROLGFGSAREALFAGRLGQGLGPIHLSEVRCRGVETLSDCPALEGSONGCOH 402
 Db 358 HAASVVCRELFGSAREALSGARMGQGMGAHLSEVRCSCGELSGLKPKHNITAEDCSH 417
 QY 403 ENAAVRCNVNPNMGFONQVLAGRIPEGLLEVOVENVGVPRVSGVSCENWGLTEAMVA 462
 Db 418 SQAGVRCNLPYTGAETRIIRLSGSRSGHEGRVEVQIGGPGPLRGLICGDDMGTEAMVA 477
 QY 463 CROGLGFGFAHAYKETWFWSGTTPAQVWVSGVRCSTGTELALQOCQORHCP-VHCSHGGR 521
 Db 478 CROGLGFGYAHNGLOETWYD--SGNITEVVMGVRCTGTELSDQCAHGHGTHLCKRTGR 536
 QY 522 FLAVGSCMDAPDLVMAQVQETAYLEDRPLSQLYCAHECNLSKSDHMDWPPGYRRL 581
 Db 537 FTAGVCSFASDILLHSALVQETAYIEDRLHMLYCAAEENCLASSARSANWPPYGRRL 596
 QY 582 LRFTQYLNLRTPRPTGRDSSWVHCHRYHVSIEVTHYDILLTNGSKVAEGHKASF 641
 Db 597 LRFSSQIHLNLRADFRPKAGRHSSWVHCHRYHVSIEVTHYDILLTNGSKVAEGHKASF 656
 QY 642 CLEDTNCTQLRRVACANFGQGVTVGCDTYRHDIDCQWVDITDVGPNVIFQVIVNP 701
 Db 657 CLEDECOEDYSKRYECANFGQGVTVGCDTYRHDIDCQWVDITDVGPNVIFQVIVNP 716
 QY 702 HVEAESDFSNMLQCRKYDGRVWVHCHRYHVSIEVTHYDILLTNGSKVAEGHKASF 747
 Db 717 NFEVAESDFTNNAKNCNKYDGRVWVHCHRYHVSIEVTHYDILLTNGSKVAEGHKASF 762

RESULT 9
 ID AAB00077 standard; Protein; 774 AA.
 AC AAB00077;
 DT AAB00077;
 XX 08-NOV-2000 (first entry)

Human lysyl oxidase related protein (Lor).
 lysyl oxidase; lysyl oxidase like protein; lor; lor-1; collagen;
 lysyl oxidase related protein; lor; lor-2; elastin; bone;
 connective tissue; congestive heart failure; ischaemia;
 cardiac hypertrophy; ischaemic-reperfusion injury.

OS Homo sapiens.
 XX WC2000044910-A1.
 PN 03-AUG-2000.
 PD

XX 27-JAN-2000; 2000WO-US02125.
 XX 27-JAN-1999; 99US-0117580.
 PR 25-MAR-1999; 99US-0276400.
 PR 23-NOV-1999; 99US-0448076.
 XX (MILL-) MILLENNIUM PHARM INC.
 XX Khodadoust MM, Macbeth KJ;
 PI WPI; 2000-482974/42.
 XX New nucleic acid molecule encoding a lysyl oxidase related-2 (Lor-2)
 PT protein useful in the treatment of cardiovascular disorders e.g.
 PT cardiac hypertrophy
 XX Disclosure; Fig 5a-d; 14pp; English.
 CC Lysyl oxidase (Lor) is an extracellular copper enzyme that
 CC initiates the crosslinking of collagens and elastin by catalysing
 CC oxidative deamination of the epsilon-amino group in certain lysine
 CC and hydroxylysine residues of collagens and ysine residues of
 CC elastin. Lor has been shown to be important in a variety of cellular
 CC and physiologic processes including biogenesis of connective tissue
 CC matrices and bone resorption. A lysyl oxidase like protein (Lor) was
 CC also identified from a human skin fibroblast cDNA library and contains
 CC extensive homology to several coding domains within the human Lor
 CC mRNA. Lor is believed to be involved in collagen maturation. A lysyl
 CC oxidase related protein (Lor) has now been identified which inhibits
 CC many of the structural features of lysyl oxidase and is overexpressed
 CC in senescent fibroblasts. It is believed to play a role in age
 CC associated changes in extracellular proteins. Lor contains four
 CC domains referred to as scavenger receptor cysteine-rich domains
 CC (SRCR domains) which are believed to be involved in cell binding to
 CC other cell surface proteins or extracellular molecules. The nucleic
 CC acids encoding Lor, Lor proteins and antibodies directed against them
 CC are particularly useful in the treatment of cardiovascular disorders
 CC e.g. congestive heart failure, ischaemia, cardiac hypertrophy and
 CC ischaemic-reperfusion injury.

Sequence 774 AA;

Query Match 54.3%; Score 2268.5; DB 21; Length 774;
 Best Local Similarity 55.1%; Pred. No. 2.7e 199;
 Matches 408; Conservative 119; Mismatches 190; Indels 23; Gaps 7;

QY 21 PSRPSQSGTTLKRLVGPESKPEGRLEVLHQQGWMTCVDNFALQIATVACROGFEAL 80
 Db 47 PQAPANVAKIQLRLAGQKRXHSEGRVEVYDGMGTVCDDFSTHAHVVCHELGVFAK 106
 QY 81 TWAHSAKYGGEGPILMDNVRVCTGESSLDQCSNMGW/SDCSHSEDEVGVIHCHRRHGY 140
 Db 107 SWTASSYKGGEGPILMDNVRVCTGESSLDQCSNMGW/SDCSHSEDEVGVIHCHRRHGY 166
 QY 141 LSETVSNALGPGRRLEVLKPLASAKQHSPTVTEGAVEVKEGHWRCVDCQDWTNN 199
 Db 167 KFDNLINQIENLNIQVEDIRAILSTYRKTPTMVEGVVEVKEGHWRCVDCQDWTNN 226
 QY 200 SRVVCGLGFPSEVPVDSHYRKYVWDLKMRDPKSLKSLTNKNSFWIHOVTLGTEPHMA 259
 Db 227 SRVVCGLGFPSEVPVDSHYRKYVWDLKMRDPKSLKSLTNKNSFWIHOVTLGTEPHMA 273
 QY 260 NC---QVQVAPARGKLRPACPGMHAVVSCVAGPHFFPEKTKPORKGSMAEPRVRLRS 314
 Db 274 SKLGLPQVSLDPMK---NVTCEGLPAAVSCVPGQVFEFGHFRFRAYKPEQPIVRLRG 340
 QY 316 GAQVCEGRVEVLNMRQWCTVCDHRWNLISASVVCROLGFGSAREALFAGRLGQGLGPIHL 375
 Db 331 GAYIGEGRVEVLNMRQWCTVCDHRWNLISASVVCROLGFGSAREALFAGRLGQGLGPIHL 390
 QY 376 SEVRCRGYERTLSDCPALEGSONGCOHENAARVNCVNMFGFONQVLAGRIPEEGILE 435

Db 391 NEIOCTGNEKSIIDCKFNABSO-GCNHEEDAGVRCNTPAMGLQKKLLNLRNPNYGRVE 449
QY 436 VQVEVNGVPRWGSVCSENGLTEAMVACQGLGLGFALHAYKETWFWSGTTPRAQVVMVSGV 495
Db 450 VLVRNGSLVMGVCGQNWGIVEAMVVCRLGLGFASNAFOETWYHGDVNSKNVVMVSGV 509
QY 496 RCSGTTELALQOCQRHG-PVHCSHGGRFLAGVSCMDSAPDLVMAQLVQETAYLEDRPLS 554
Db 510 KCSGTSLSLAHCRRHGDGVACPGGVQYGVAGVACSETAPDLVLAEMVQOTTYLEDRPMF 569
QY 555 QLYCAHEENCLSKSADHMDWPGYRRLRFSTOINLGRDTPRKTGRDSDVWVHCHRH 614
Db 570 MLCAMEENCLSKASAAQTPTTGYRRLRFSSQIHNGOSDFRPNKGRHAWIWHDCRH 629
QY 615 HSIETVTHYDLTLNLSKVAEGHKAFCLEDTNCTGLQRRYACANFEGQVTVGCWDY 674
Db 630 HSMVEVTHYDLTLNLSKVAEGHKAFCLEDTNCTGLQRRYACANFEGQVTVGCWDY 689
QY 675 RHDIDCQWVDITDVGPGNYIFQVIVNPNHVEAESDFSNMLOCRCKYDGHVRLHNCHTG 734
Db 690 RHDIDCQWVDITDVGPGNYIFQVIVNPNHVEAESDFSNMLOCRCKYDGHVRLHNCHTG 749
QY 735 NSYPANAELSLEQORLNN 754
Db 750 GSFSETEKKFHFSGLLNN 769
RESULT 10
ID ABB07649 standard; Protein; 774 AA.
XX ABB07649;
AC ABB07649;
DT 20-MAY-2002 (first entry)
DE Human LOR-1 protein.
XX Lysyl-oxidase; angiogenesis; cancer; LOR-1; antiarthritic; antidiabetic;
KW ophthalmological; antiposioratic; antiinflammatory; vasotropic; human;
KW immunomodulator; dermatological; vulnerary; enzyme.
XX Homo sapiens.
OS Homo sapiens.
XX WO200211667-A2.
PN 14-FEB-2002.
PD 07-AUG-2001; 2001WO-IL00728.
PR 08-AUG-2000; 2000US-223739P.
XX (TECR) TECHNTON RES & DEV FOUND LTD.
PA Neufeld G, Akiri G, Vadasz Z, Gengrovitch S;
PI WPI; 2002-227109/28.
XX N-FSDB; ABA95142.
XX Composition for modulating angiogenesis in mammalian tissue for
PT treating e.g. arthritis, psoriasis, comprises molecule capable of
PT modifying level and/or activity of at least one type of lysyl-oxidase
PT of the tissue
XX Claim 7; Page 51-54; 67pp; English.
PS The invention provides a pharmaceutical composition useful for modulating
XX angiogenesis in mammalian tissue. The composition comprises a molecule
CC capable of modifying a level and/or activity of at least one type of
CC lysyl-oxidase of the mammalian tissue as an active ingredient and a
CC carrier. Methods for identifying molecules capable of modulating
CC angiogenesis; for modulating angiogenesis in a mammalian tissue; and for
CC determining the malignancy of cancerous tissue are also provided, where
CC the modulation in activity is useful for treating arthritis, diabetic

CC retinopathy, psoriasis, vasculitis; and for disease characterized by
CC fragile blood vessels, including Marfan's syndrome, Kawasaki, Ehlers-
CC Danlos, cutis-laxa, and takysu; diseases characterized by changes in the
CC wall of blood vessels e.g. restenosis which is a common complication
CC following balloon therapy, fibromuscular dysplasia and aortic stenosis.
CC The present sequence represents a LOR-1 protein, belonging to the lysyl
CC -oxidase family of enzymes.
XX
SQ Sequence 774 AA;
Query Match 54.3%; Score 2268.5; DB 23; Length 774;
Best Local Similarity 55.1%; Pred. No. 2.7e-199;
Matches 408; Conservative 119; Mismatches 190; Indels 23; Gaps 7;
QY 21 PSRPOSIGTTKRLVGPSPKPEGRLEVLHOGOMGTVCDDNFALOEATVACROGFEAAL 80
Db 47 PQPANVAKTQLRUGAKRKHSEGRVEVYDQOMGTVCDDDFSIHAHVVCRELGVYEA 106
QY 81 TWAHSARYGOGEGPIWLDNVRVCVTESLDCGSGNGWVSDCSHSDVGVICHPRRHGY 140
Db 107 SWTASSYKGEPIWLDNHLCTGNEATLAACSTNGWVTDCKHTEDVGVCSDKRIPGF 166
QY 141 -LSETVSNALGPQGRRLLEVRKLPILASAKQHSPTGEGAVEVYKHEGHWQVCOGWTMN 199
Db 167 KFDNSLINQIENLNIQVEDIRAILSTYRKRTPVMEGVVEVKEGKTWKQICDKHWTAKN 226
QY 200 SRVVGMLGPFSEVPDSDSHYYRKWDLKMRDPKSLKSLTNKNSFWIHQVTLGTEPHMA 259
Db 227 SRVVGMLGPFSEVPDSDSHYYRKWDLKMRDPKSLKSLTNKNSFWIHQVTLGTEPHMA 273
QY 260 NC-----QVQVAPARGKLRPACPGMHAVVSCVAGHFRPPKTPQKQSWAEPVRLRS 315
Db 274 SKLGPQVSLDPMK---NVTCEGLPAVVCVPGQVFPDPSFRKAYKPEQPLVLRG 330
QY 316 GAOVGEGRVEVLNRONGTVCDDHRWNLISASVVCRLGFGSAREALFGARLQGLGPIHL 375
Db 331 GAVIGRVEVLNRNGEWTVCDDRWDLVSASVVCRELFGSAREALFGARLQGLGPIHL 390
QY 376 SEVRCRGYERTLSDCPALEGSONGCOHENAANAACVAVNPNMGFQNVRLAGRIPEEGLE 435
Db 391 NEIQCTGNEKSIIDCKFNABSO-GCNHEEDAGVRCNTPAMGLQKKLLNLRNPNYGRVE 449
QY 436 VQVEVNGVPRWGSVCSENGLTEAMVACQGLGLGFALHAYKETWFWSGTTPRAQVVMVSGV 495
Db 450 VLVRNGSLVMGVCGQNWGIVEAMVVCRLGLGFASNAFOETWYHGDVNSKNVVMVSGV 509
QY 496 RCSGTTELALQOCQRHG-PVHCSHGGRFLAGVSCMDSAPDLVMAQLVQETAYLEDRPLS 554
Db 510 KCSGTSLSLAHCRRHGDGVACPGGVQYGVAGVACSETAPDLVLAEMVQOTTYLEDRPMF 569
QY 555 QLYCAHEENCLSKSADHMDWPGYRRLRFSTOINLGRDTPRKTGRDSDVWVHCHRH 614
Db 570 MLCAMEENCLSKASAAQTPTTGYRRLRFSSQIHNGOSDFRPNKGRHAWIWHDCRH 629
QY 615 HSIETVTHYDLTLNLSKVAEGHKAFCLEDTNCTGLQRRYACANFEGQVTVGCWDY 674
Db 630 HSMVEVTHYDLTLNLSKVAEGHKAFCLEDTNCTGLQRRYACANFEGQVTVGCWDY 689
QY 675 RHDIDCQWVDITDVGPGNYIFQVIVNPNHVEAESDFSNMLOCRCKYDGHVRLHNCHTG 734
Db 690 RHDIDCQWVDITDVGPGNYIFQVIVNPNHVEAESDFSNMLOCRCKYDGHVRLHNCHTG 749
QY 735 NSYPANAELSLEQORLNN 754
Db 750 GSFSETEKKFHFSGLLNN 769
RESULT 11
ID ABB07653 standard; Protein; 752 AA.
XX ABB07653;
AC ABB07653;
XX

Wed Apr 2 09:13:59 2003

20-MAY-2002 (first entry)
Human lysyl-oxidase gene 33 product.
Lysyl-oxidase; angiogenesis; cancer; LOR-1; antiarthritic; antidiabetic;
ophthalmological; antipsoriatic; antiinflammatory; vasotropic; human;
immunomodulator; dermatological; vulnary; enzyme.
Homo sapiens.
W0200211667-A2.
14-FEB-2002.
07-AUG-2001; 2001WO-IL00728.
08-AUG-2000; 2000US-223739P.
(TECR) TECHNION RES & DEV FOUND LTD.
Neufeld G, Akiri G, Vadasz Z, Gengrovitch S;
WPI; 2002-227109/28.
Composition for modulating angiogenesis in mammalian tissue for
treating e.g. arthritis, psoriasis, comprises molecule capable of
modifying level and/or activity of at least one type of lysyl-oxidase
of the tissue -
Claim 7; Page 64-67; 67pp; English.

The invention provides a pharmaceutical composition useful for modulating
angiogenesis in mammalian tissue. The composition comprises a molecule
capable of modifying a level and/or activity of at least one type of
lysyl-oxidase of the mammalian tissue as an active ingredient and a
carrier. Methods for identifying molecules capable of modulating
angiogenesis; for modulating angiogenesis in a mammalian tissue; and for
determining the malignancy of cancerous tissue are also provided, where
the modulation in activity is useful for treating arthritis, diabetic
retinopathy, psoriasis, vasculitis; and for disease characterized by
fragile blood vessels, including Marfan's syndrome, Kawasaki, Ehlers-
Danlos, cutis-laxa, and takysu; diseases characterized by changes in the
wall of blood vessels e.g. restenosis which is a common complication
following balloon therapy, fibromuscular dysplasia and aortic stenosis.
The present sequence represents a lysyl-oxidase gene 33 product.

Query Match 54.11%; Score 2263; DB 23; Length 752;
Best Local Similarity 54.5%; Pred. No. 8.3e-199;
Matches 419; Conservative 105; Mismatches 205; Indels 40; Gaps 10;

QY 3 WSPATLFL--LLGPPPS-----RPSLGTTLRLVGPESKPEEGLEVLHQGWG 55
DB 9 WSPGLLLCLLSSCLSPSPSTGPEKAGSOG-LRPLAGPRKPYEGRVEIQRAGWG 67
QY 56 TVCDNFATOEATVACROGLFEAALTWHAISKYQGGEGP-WLDNVRVCGTSSLDQCGSN 115
DB 68 TICDDFTTQAHILCRELGTEATGWTHTSAKYGPGRITWLDNLSGTEQSVTECASR 127
QY 116 GNVSDCSHSDGVGTCHPRHRGYLSETYSNALGPQGRLEEVRLKPLASAKQHSPT 175
DB 128 GWNDSCTHDEAGVICQDRLPGFSDSNVIEV--EHLQVEEVRIIPAVGWGRRLPVT 185
QY 176 EGAVEKYEGHWRQVCDQGMNNSRVVCGMLGFSEVPVDSHYRKVWDLKMRDPKRL 235
DB 186 EGLVEVRLPDGWSQVCDKSAHNSHVCGMLGFSEKRVNAFY-----RL 232
QY 236 KSLTNKNSFWHTVCTGLTEPHMANCOVQVAPARKLPPACPGMHAVVSCVAGPHF--- 292
DB 233 LAQRQOHSFGLHGVACVGTETAHLSLCSLEFYRANDTAR--CPGGPAAVSCVPGPVYAS 290
QY 293 ----RPPKTPQRKGSNAEPRVRLRSQAQVGEGRVEVLMNRQWGTCTDHRNWLISASVV 348

DB 291 SGOKKOQSKPQ-----GEARVRLKGAHFGEGRVEVLKASTWGTCTDRKWDLHAASVV 344
QY 349 CROLGFGSAREALFGARLGGCLGPIHLSEVRCRGYERTLSJCPALEGSONGCOHENAAYV 408
DB 345 CRELGFGSAREALSGAHMGOGMAIHLSEVRCSCQELSLKKCPKHNITAEBCSHSQDAGV 404
QY 409 RCNVPNMGFQNVRLACGRIPPEGLLEQVQEVNVPWAGSVCSSEKGLTEAMVACROGL 468
DB 405 RCNLPYTGAETIRLSGSRQSGRVEVQIGGPGPLRWGIICGDDWGTLEAMVACROGL 464
QY 469 GPATHAVKETWFSGTTPRAQEVNMGVRCSTELALQCCRHGP-VHCSHGGRFLAGVS 527
DB 465 GYANFGLOETWYWD-SGNITEVVMGVRCTGTSTLSLQCTHGHTHITCKRTGTRFAGVI 523
QY 528 CDSAPOLVMAOAVOETAYLEDRPLSOLYCAHEBNCLSHSAHMDWVGYRRLRPFSTQ 587
DB 524 CSETASDLLLSALVQETAYIEDRPLHMLYCAAEBNCLASARSANWPDYCHRRLLRFSQ 583
QY 588 IYNLGRDTRFKTGRDSDSWHCHRHYSIEVFTHYDILLNGSKVAEGHKASPCLEDTN 647
DB 584 IHNLRADPRFKAGRHSHWHCHGHYSMDIFTHYDILLPNTKVAEGHKASFCELEDTE 643
QY 648 CPTGLORRYACANFGEQGVTCWDTYRHIDICQWVDITVGPNGVIFOVIVNPHVEVAE 707
DB 644 QEDVSKRYECANFGEQGITVGCNDLYRHIDICQWVDITVGPNGVILQVIVNPHVEVAE 703
QY 708 SDFSNNMLQCRCKYDGRVWLHNCHTGNSYPANAELSLEDEQLRNLI 756
DB 704 SDFTNNAMKCNCKYDGRVWLHNCHTGNSYPANAELSLEDEQLRNLI 752

RESULT 12
AAB000073 standard; Protein; 753 AA.

AC AAB000073;
DT 08-NOV-2000 (first entry)
DE Human lysyl oxidase related protein (Lor)-2
KW lysyl oxidase; lysyl oxidase like protein; ox; lol; collagen;
KW lysyl oxidase related protein; lor; lor-2; elastin; bone;
KW connective tissue; congestive heart failure; ischaemia;
KW cardiac hypertrophy; ischaemic-reperfusion injury.
OS Homo sapiens.
PN W0200044910-A1.
PD 03-AUG-2000.
PF 27-JAN-2000; 2000WO-US02125.
PR 27-JAN-1999; 99US-0117580.
PR 25-MAR-1999; 99US-0276400.
PR 23-NOV-1999; 99US-0448076.
PA (MILL-) MILLENNIUM PHARM INC.
PA Khodadoust MM, Macbeth KJ;
PI WPI; 2000-482974/42
DR N-PSDB; AAA47798, AAA47799.
XX New nucleic acid molecule encoding a lysyl oxidase related-2 (Lor 2)
XX protein useful in the treatment of cardiovascular disorders e.g.
XX cardiac hypertrophy
XX Claim 4; Fig 3; 148pp; English.
XX Lysyl oxidase (Lor) is an extracellular copper enzyme that

Query Match 54.1%; Score 2263; DB 22; Length 753;
Best Local Similarity 54.5%; Pred. No. 8.3e-199;
Matches 419; Conservative 105; Mismatches 205; Indels 40

Wed Apr 2 09:13:59 2003

3 WSPATLFLFL--LLGPPPS-----RQSLGTTKLRLVGPESKEEGRLVLEVLHOGWG 55
 9 WSPWGLLLCLLSSCLGSPSTGPKAGSQ--LRPRLAGFPKPYECRVEIORAGWG 67
 56 TVDDNFATQATVACROGLFEAALTAHSAKYGGEGPWLNDVRCVGTSSLDQCGN 115
 68 TICDDDFLQAHILCRELFTGATGTHSAKYGPGTGRIMLDNLSCSTEQSVTECAR 127
 116 GWGSDSHSDSDVGVICHPRRHGVLTSTVSNALGPGQRRLEVRILKPIASAKQSPVT 175
 128 GWGNSDCHDDEAGVICKDORLPFGSDSNVIE--EHLQVEVRIRPVGWGRRLPVT 185
 176 BGAVEVKEGHRQVCDQGTWNNSEVVCMLGFPSEVVDVSHYRKVWDLKMRDKPSRL 235
 186 EGLVEVRLPDGWSQVCDKGSANSHVVCMLGFPSEKRVNAAFY-----RL 232
 236 KSLTNKNSFWIHQVTLCTGTEPHMANQVAPARGKLRPACPGMHAVVSCVAGPHF-- 292
 233 LAOROQHSFGLHGVACVGTFAHLSLSLEFYRANDTAR--CPGGPAVVCVPGPVVAAS 290
 293 ----RPPKTKPORKGSAEPRVRLKSGAQVGEGRVEVLMNRWGTVCDRKNDLHAASVV 348
 291 SGOKKOQSKPO-----GEARVRLKGAHPGEGRVEVVKASTWGTVCDRKNDLHAASVV 344
 349 CROLGFGSAREALPGARLGGGLGPIHLSEVRCRGYERTLSDCPALEGSONCCHENAAAV 408
 345 CRELGFGSAREALSGARMQGMGAHLSEVRCSCQELSLWKCPHKNITAECDSSHQDAGV 404
 409 RCNVPNNGFONVRLAGRIPEEGLELVQVEVNGVPRMGSCVSENGWLTAMVACROGL 468
 405 RCNLPVTGAETRLSGRSCHGREGVEVQIGGPGFLRWGLICGDDWGTLEAVACROGL 464
 469 GEALHAYKETWFVSGTTPRAQVWVSGVRCSTGTELALQCCQHRP VHCSSHGGRLAGVS 527
 465 GYANGHLOETWYD--SGNITEVWVSGVRCSTGTELDQCAHGHGTHITCKRTGRTFAGVI 523
 528 CMDSAPLWMAALVQETAYLEDRPLSLQYCAHEENCLSKSADHMDWVPYGRLLRFSTQ 587
 524 CSETASDLLHSAVQETAYIEDRLPLMLYCAAEENCLASSARSANMPYGHRRLLRFSSQ 583
 588 IYNGRTDPRFKTGRSDVWVHCHRHYSIEVTFHYDILLTNGSKVAEGHKASFCLDTN 647
 584 IHNIGRADFRPKAGRHSVWVHCHGHYHSMDFTHYDILTNGTKVAEGHKASFCLDTE 643
 648 CPTGLORRYACANFGEGVTCWDTYRHDIDCQWVDITDVGPGNYIFVIVNPHVEVAE 707
 644 COEDVSKRYECANFGEGITVGCWDLRYHDIDCQWIDITDVKPGNYILQVIVNPHVEVAE 703
 708 SDFSNNMLOCRCKYDCHRYWLNCHTGNSTVYANAEISLEQERLNNLI 756
 704 SFTNNAMKCNCKYDCHRYWLNCHTGNSTVYANAEISLEQERLNNLI 752
 RESULT 14
 ID AAE15549 standard; Protein: 753 AA.
 AC AAE15549;
 DT 12-MAR-2002 (first entry)
 DE Human secreted protein-3 (SECP).
 KW Human; secreted protein; SECP-3; cell proliferative disorder; hepatitis;
 KW acquired immunodeficiency syndrome; inflammatory disorder; osteoporosis;
 KW Addison's disease; asthma; anaemia; diabetes mellitus; angina pectoris;
 KW multiple sclerosis; allergy; rheumatoid arthritis; myocardial infarction;
 KW cardiovascular disease; oedema; hypertension; neurological disorder;
 KW gene therapy; Alzheimer's disease; Parkinson's disease; mental disorder;
 KW epilepsy; renal tubular acidosis; cancer; vaccine; cataract; fungicide;
 KW antibacterial; protozoacide; congenital glaucoma; transgenic animal;
 KW drug screening; vulnery; virucide; antihelminthic; antiparasitic;

vasotropic; noctropic; anticonvulsant; neurolaptic; tranquilliser;
 antidepressant.
 Homo sapiens.
 Key Location/Qualifiers
 1..25 /label= Signal peptide
 26..753 /label= Human_mature_SECP-3_protein
 51..145 /note= "Scavenger receptor cysteine-rich domain"
 134..144 /note= "Speract receptor repeat"
 183..282 /note= "Scavenger receptor cysteine-rich domain"
 310..407 /note= "Scavenger receptor cysteine-rich domain"
 420..525 /note= "Scavenger receptor cysteine-rich domain"
 WO200179291-A2.
 25-OCT-2001.
 11-APR-2001; 2001WO-US11861.
 14-APR-2000; 2000US-197854P.
 04-MAY-2000; 2000US-202373P.
 18-MAY-2000; 2000US-205899P.
 01-JUN-2000; 2000US-209401P.
 01-JUN-2000; 2000US-210155P.
 (INCY-) INCYTE GENOMICS INC.
 Griffin JA, Yao MG, Bruns CM, Yue H, Deleage AM, Hafalia A;
 Patterson C, Policky JL, Tribouley CM, Baughn MR, Nguyen DB;
 Lal P, Tang YT, Hillman JL, Lu DAM, Batia S, Au-Young J, Reddy R;
 Azimzai Y;
 WPI; 2002-066344/09.
 N-PSDB; AAD24786.
 New human secreted proteins for treating, diagnosing or preventing cell
 proliferative, cardiovascular, autoimmune/inflammatory, neurological
 and developmental disorders
 Claim 1; Page 104-106; 124pp; English.
 The invention relates to an isolated human secreted protein (SECP) and
 nucleotide molecule encoding the protein. SECP is used as vaccine. SECP
 is used to diagnose, treat and prevent cell proliferative (e.g.
 arteriosclerosis, atherosclerosis, hepatitis, psoriasis and cancers),
 autoimmune/inflammatory (e.g. acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS),
 Addison's disease, allergy, anaemia, asthma, atopic dermatitis, diabetes,
 multiple sclerosis, trauma, multiple sclerosis, osteoporosis,
 Graves' disease, rheumatoid arthritis, ulcerative colitis and viral,
 bacterial, fungal, parasitic, protozoal and helminthic infections),
 cardiovascular (e.g. angina pectoris, myocardial infarction, ischaemic
 heart disease, hypertension, pulmonary congestion and oedema), dementia,
 neurological (e.g. Alzheimer's disease, Huntington's disease, epilepsy,
 Parkinson's disease, Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease, schizophrenia, epilepsv,
 mental disorders including mood, anxiety and seasonal affective disorder
 and prion diseases) and developmental disorders (e.g. renal tubular
 acidosis, Duchenne and Becker muscular dystrophy, seizure disorders,
 congenital glaucoma and cataract). SECP is used for creating knockin
 humanised animals or transgenic animals to model human diseases. SECP is
 used in somatic or germ-line gene therapy. SECP is used for detecting
 differences in chromosomal location due to translocation, inversion, etc.
 among normal, carrier or affected individuals. SECP is used as
 hybridisation probes for mapping naturally occurring genomic sequences
 and in a number of drug screening techniques. The present sequence is
 human SECP-3 protein.

```

XX  Query Match      54.1%; Score 2263; DB 23; Length 753;
SQ  Best Local Similarity 54.5%; Pred. No. 8.3e-199;
    Matches 419; Conservative 105; Mismatches 205; Indels 40; Gaps 10;

QY  3 WSPPATLFLFL--LLGPPPPS-----RPQSLGTTKLRLLVGPESKPEGRLEVLHQQWG 55
DB  9 WSPWGLLLCLLSSCLGSPSPSTGPEKAGSQG-LRFRLAGFPKPYEGRVEIQRAGWG 67

QY  56 TVCDNFPAIQEATVACRQLGFPAALTAHSAKYQGEGPIWLDNVRVCVGTSSLDQCGSN 115
DB  68 TICDDFTLQAAILCRLGFTGTEATGWTSAKYGPGTGRWLNDLNSCSGTQSVTECASR 127

QY  116 GWGVSDCSHSDGVVICHPRRHRYGLSETVSNALGPQRRLEVRLLKPIASAKQHSPT 175
DB  128 GWGNSDCTHDEAGVICKDQRLPGFSDSNVIEV--EHLQVEEVRIRPAVWGRRPLPVT 185

QY  176 EGAVEVYEGHWRQVCDQGTWNNRVRVCGMLGFPSEVPVDSHYRYKRVMDLKMEDPKSRL 235
DB  186 EGLVEVRLPDGWSQVCDKGWSAHSHVVCGLGFPSEKRVNAAFY-----RL 232

QY  236 KSLTNKNSFWIHQVTCLGTEPHMANCOVAPARGKLRPACPGMHAVVSCVAGPHF--- 292
DB  233 LAQRQHSFGLHGVACVGTGTEAHLSCSLDEFYRANDTAR--CPGGPAAVSCVPGPYAAS 290

QY  293 ----RPPKTKPQKGSWAEEPRVRLRSGAQQGEGRVEVLMNFRQWGTVCDRHWNLI1SASVV 348
DB  291 SGQKKQOQSKPQ-----GEARVLKGAHGEGRVEVLKASTGTVCDRKWLHAASVV 344

QY  349 CRQLGFGSAREALFGARLGGGLGPIHLSEVRCRGYERTLSDCPALEGSQNGCQHENAAY 408
DB  345 CRELGFGSAREALSARMQCGMGAHLSVRCVSGQELSLMKCPHKNITAEDCSHSQDAGV 404

QY  409 RCNVPNMCFQOVRLAGGRIPREGLELVQVENVGVPRWGSVCSENWGLTEAMVACRQLGL 468
DB  405 RCNLPYTGAEIRILSGSGRQHEGRVEVQTGGPRLRWGLICGDDWGTLEAMVACRQLGL 464

QY  469 GFALHAYKETWFSGTTPRAQEVVMGVRCSGTGLALQOQCORHGP-VHCSHGGRFLAGVS 527
DB  465 GYANHGLQETWTD--SGNITEVVMGVRCTGTELSDDQCAHHGTHITCKRTGTFTAGVI 523

QY  528 CMDAPDLVMAQLVQETAYLEDRLPSQLYCAHEENCLSKSADHMDWPYGYRRLRFRSTQ 587
DB  524 CSETASDLLLSALVQETAYIEDRLPLMLYCAEENCLASARSANWPYGHRRLLRFSSQ 583

QY  588 IYNLGRDTPRKTRDSDWYHQCRRHYHSIEVFTHYDILLTNGSKVAEGHKASFCLEDTN 647
DB  584 IHNLGRADFRPKAGRHSWVWHECHGHYSMDIFTHYDILTNGTKVAEGHKASFCLEDTN 643

QY  648 CPTGLORRYACANFGEQGVTVGCWDTYRHDIDCQWVDITDVGPGNYIPQVIVNPHYVAE 707
DB  644 CQEDVSKRYECANFGEQGITVGCWDLIRHIDCQWIDITDVKPGNYILQVYNPNFEVAE 703

QY  708 SDESNNMLQCRCKYDGHVRLNCHTNGSNYPANAELSLEQEQRLRNLI 756
DB  704 SFTNNAMKCNCKYDGHRIWVNHCHTGDAPFSEANRRFRYPQGTNQI 752

RESULT 15
AAG66059
ID AAG66059 standard; Protein; 753 AA.
XX
AC AAG66059;
XX
AC AAG66059;
XX
DT 27-FEB-2002 (first entry)
XX
DE Human lysyl oxidase-like (LOXL3) protein.
XX
KW Lysyl oxidase; lysyl oxidase-like; LOXL; LOX; neuroprotective; nootropic;
KW dermatological; hepatotrophic; cytostatic; antidote; LOXL3.
XX

```

```

OS Homo sapiens.
XX WO200183702-A2.
XX
PD 08-NOV-2001.
XX
PF 03-MAY-2001; 2001WO-US14472.
XX
PR 03-MAY-2000; 2000US-201587P.
XX
PA (UYHA-) UNIV HAWAII.
XX
CSiszar K, Boyd CD, Kim Y, Le Saux CJ, Fong SFT;
XX
WPI: 2002-041491/05.
XX
N-PSDB; AA167788.
XX
Novel copper-dependent lysyl oxidase-like proteins, nucleic acids
XX encoding the protein for diagnostic assays and identifying modulators
XX useful for treating cancer, skin, copper-related, pulmonary or hepatic
XX disorders.
XX
PS Claim 3; Page 78; 82pp; English.
XX
CC The invention provides lysyl oxidase-like (LOXL) polypeptides and
XX polynucleotides encoding them. The LOXL proteins (LOXL3 and LOXL4) can be
XX expressed by standard recombinant methodology. The LOXL polypeptides are
XX useful for identifying their modulators which can be used for treating a
XX disorder associated with LOX or LOXL polypeptide activity, including
XX disorders related to extracellular matrix materials, a cell migration,
XX cell proliferative disorder, skin, vascular system, developmental,
XX skeletal, neurological, hepatic system, copper-related, pulmonary system
XX disorders or lathyrism disorder and cancer in a subject. The LOXL
XX polynucleotides are useful as probes and primers. The LOXL polypeptides
XX are useful in bioassays, for the production of antibodies, useful for
XX diagnostic assays to determine expression levels and localization of
XX LOXL3 and LOXL4 proteins and other proteins of the LOX gene family in
XX various tissue samples from healthy or infirm subjects and to purify the
XX proteins. The antibodies are therapeutically useful to counteract or
XX supplement the biological effect of LOXL proteins in vivo. The present
XX sequence represents a human-derived LOXL3 protein.
XX
SQ Sequence 753 AA;

```

```

Query Match      54.1%; Score 2263; DB 23; Length 753;
Best Local Similarity 54.5%; Pred. No. 8.3e-199;
Matches 419; Conservative 105; Mismatches 205; Indels 40; Gaps 10;

QY  3 WSPPATLFLFL--LLGPPPPS-----RPQSLGTTKLRLLVGPESKPEGRLEVLHQQWG 55
DB  9 WSPWGLLLCLLSSCLGSPSPSTGPEKAGSQG-LRFRLAGFPKPYEGRVEIQRAGWG 67

QY  56 TVCDNFPAIQEATVACRQLGFPAALTAHSAKYQGEGPIWLDNVRVCVGTSSLDQCGSN 115
DB  68 TICDDFTLQAAILCRLGFTGTEATGWTSAKYGPGTGRWLNDLNSCSGTQSVTECASR 127

QY  116 GWGVSDCSHSDGVVICHPRRHRYGLSETVSNALGPQRRLEVRLLKPIASAKQHSPT 175
DB  128 GWGNSDCTHDEAGVICKDQRLPGFSDSNVIEV--EHLQVEEVRIRPAVWGRRPLPVT 185

QY  176 EGAVEVYEGHWRQVCDQGTWNNRVRVCGMLGFPSEVPVDSHYRYKRVMDLKMEDPKSRL 235
DB  186 EGLVEVRLPDGWSQVCDKGWSAHSHVVCGLGFPSEKRVNAAFY-----RL 232

QY  236 KSLTNKNSFWIHQVTCLGTEPHMANCOVAPARGKLRPACPGMHAVVSCVAGPHF--- 292
DB  233 LAQRQHSFGLHGVACVGTGTEAHLSCSLDEFYRANDTAR--CPGGPAAVSCVPGPYAAS 290

QY  293 ----RPPKTKPQKGSWAEEPRVRLRSGAQQGEGRVEVLMNFRQWGTVCDRHWNLI1SASVV 348
DB  291 SGQKKQOQSKPQ-----GEARVLKGAHGEGRVEVLKASTGTVCDRKWLHAASVV 344

QY  349 CRQLGFGSAREALFGARLGGGLGPIHLSEVRCRGYERTLSDCPALEGSQNGCQHENAAY 408

```

us-09-924-946-2.rag

Wed Apr 2 09:13:59 2003

```

Db 345 CRELFGSAREALSGARMQGMGAHLSSEVRCSCQELSLWKCPHKNIITAEDCSHSODAGV 404
QY 409 RCNUPNMFGONOVRLAGRIPEEGLLEVQVEVNGVPRWGSVCSENWGLTEAMVACRQLGL 468
Db 405 RCNLPYTGAETRIELSGRSQHEGRVEVQIGGPGPLRWGLICGDDMGTLTEAMVACRQLGL 464
QY 469 GFATIHAYKETWFWSGTTPRAQEVWWSGVRCSGTTELALOCORHGP-VHCSHGGGRFLAGVS 527
Db 465 GYANHGLQETWYD-SGNITEVWWSGVRCTGTLSLDOCAHGHGTHITCKBTGTRTAGVI 523
QY 528 CMDSAPDLVMAQLVOETAYLEDRPLSQLYCAHEENCLSKSADHMDWPYGYRLLRFSTQ 587
Db 524 CSETASDLLHLSALVQETAYIEDRPLHMLYCAAEENCLASSARSANMPYGHRRLLRFSSQ 583
QY 588 IYNLGRTPRPKTGRDSWVWQHCHRHYSIEVTHYDILLTNGSKVAEGHKASFCLDNTN 647
Db 584 IHNLRADPRPKAGRHSHWVWHECHGHYSMDIFTHYDILTNGTKVAEGHKASFCLDTE 643
QY 648 CPTGLQRRYACANFGEGQVTVGCWOTYRHDIDCQWVDITDVGPNGYIFOVIVNPHYEVAE 707
Db 644 QOEDYSKAYECANFGQGTVGCMWLYRHDIDCQWIDITDVKPGNYILOVIVNPHYEVAE 703
QY 708 SDFSNMLQCRCKYDGHRYVWLNCHTGNYSYPANAELSLEQOBLRNNLI 756
Db 704 SDFTNAMKCNCKYDGHRIWVHNCHIGDAFSEANRRRFXYPGQTSNQI 752

```

Search completed: March 28, 2003, 12:06:44
 Job time : 118.384 secs